

CLAIMS

I claim:

5 1. A method for manufacturing a plurality of resistors comprising:

10 a) applying a lithographic process for etching a top portion of a metal plate for precisely defining a plurality of electrode columns on said metal plate;

15 2. The method of claim 1 further comprising:

20 b) electroplating at least an electrode layer on each of said electrode columns to form an electrode for each of said electrode column; and

25 c) scribing said metal plate into a plurality of resistors each comprising at least two electrodes formed in step b).

30 3. The method of claim 1 wherein:

 said step a) of applying a lithographic process for etching a top portion of a metal plate is a step of etching a top portion of a metal plate comprising nickel-copper alloy.

 4. The method of claim 1 wherein:

 said step b) of electroplating at least an electrode layer on each of said electrode columns is a step of electroplating a copper layer and a tin-lead alloy layer on each of said electrode columns.

5. The method of claim 1 wherein:

5 said step a) of applying a lithographic process for etching a top portion of a metal plate for precisely defining a plurality of electrode columns on said metal plate is a step of forming a plurality of resistors each having a precisely defined resistance ranging between one milli-ohm to one ohm.

10 6. The method of claim 1 wherein:

10 said step a) of applying a lithographic process for etching a top portion of a metal plate for precisely defining a plurality of electrode columns on said metal plate is a step of forming a plurality of resistors each having a thickness ranging between 0.05 to 0.5 millimeters and a length ranging between 1.0 to 7.0 millimeters.

15 7. The method of claim 1 wherein:

20 said step a) of applying a lithographic process for etching a top portion of a metal plate for precisely defining a plurality of electrode columns on said metal plate is a step of forming said electrode columns each having a width and length ranging between 0.1 to 3.2 millimeter, a height ranging between 0.05 to 0.5 millimeters and distance ranging between 0.4 to 6.2 millimeters between every two electrode columns.

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8. A method for manufacturing a plurality of resistors comprising:

5 a) applying an electroplating process for precisely forming a plurality of column-shaped electrodes on a metal plate.

9. The method of claim 7 further comprising a step:

10 b) scribing said metal plate into a plurality of resistors each comprising at least two electrodes formed in step a).

10. The method of claim 8 wherein:

15 said step a) of applying an electroplating process for precisely forming a plurality of column-shaped electrodes on a metal plate is a step of electroplating said electrodes on a metal plate comprising nickel-copper alloy.

11. The method of claim 8 wherein:

20 said step a) of applying an electroplating process for precisely forming a plurality of column-shaped electrodes is a step of electroplating a copper layer and a tin-lead alloy layer to form each of said electrodes.

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12. The method of claim 8 wherein:

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said step a) of applying an electroplating process for precisely forming a plurality of column-shaped electrodes is a step of forming a plurality of resistors each having a precisely defined resistance ranging between one milli-ohm to one ohm.

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13. The method of claim 8 wherein:

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said step a) of applying an electroplating process for precisely forming a plurality of column-shaped electrodes is a step of forming a plurality of resistors each having a thickness ranging between 0.05 to 0.5 millimeters and a length ranging between 1.0 to 7.0 millimeters.

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14. The method of claim 8 wherein:

said step a) of applying an electroplating process for precisely forming a plurality of column-shaped electrodes is a step of forming said electrodes each having a width and length ranging between 0.1 to 3.2 millimeter, a height ranging between 0.05 to 0.5 millimeters and distance ranging between 0.4 to 6.2 millimeters between every two electrodes.

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Subt A²
15. A resistor array supported on a metal plate composed of a low temperature coefficient of resistance (TCR) metallic material, said resistor array comprising:

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a plurality of electrode columns composed of said low TCR metallic material disposed on said metal plate.

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16. The resistor array of claim 15 further comprising:
at least an electrode layer disposed on each of said electrode columns to form an electrode for each of said electrode columns.
17. The resistor array of claim 15 further comprising:
a plurality of scribing lines for scribing said metal plate into a plurality of resistors each comprising at least two electrodes.
18. The resistor array of claim 15 wherein:
said low TCR metallic material composed of said metal plate further comprises a nickel-copper alloy.
19. The resistor array of claim 15 wherein:
said electrode layer disposed on each of said electrode columns further comprises a copper layer and a tin-lead alloy layer on each of said electrode columns.

20. The resistor array of claim 15 wherein:
5 said plurality of electrode columns disposed on said metal plate having a precisely defined position for providing precisely defined resistance for each of said resistors ranging between one milli-ohm to one ohm.

21. The resistor array of claim 15 wherein:
10 each of said plurality of resistors having a thickness ranging between 0.05 to 0.5 millimeters and a length ranging between 1.0 to 7.0 millimeters.

22. The resistor array of claim 15 wherein:
15 each of said plurality of electrode columns on said metal plate having a width and length ranging between 0.1 to 3.2 millimeter, a height ranging between 0.05 to 0.5 millimeters and distance ranging between 0.4 to 6.2 millimeters between every two electrode columns.
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23. A resistor array supported on a metal plate composed of a low temperature coefficient of resistance (TCR) metallic material, said resistor array comprising:
25 a plurality of column-shaped electroplated electrodes disposed on said metal plate composed of said low TCR metallic material.

30 24. The resistor array of claim 23 further comprising:
 a plurality of scribing lines for scribing said metal plate into a plurality of resistors each comprising at least two electrodes.

5 25. The resistor array of claim 23 wherein:
said low TCR metallic material composed of said metal plate
further comprises a nickel-copper alloy.

10 26. The resistor array of claim 23 wherein:
said plurality of column-shaped electroplated electrodes
further comprises a copper layer and a tin-lead alloy layer.

15 27. The resistor array of claim 23 wherein:
said plurality of column-shaped electroplated electrodes
disposed on said metal plate having a precisely defined
position for providing precisely defined resistance for each
of said resistors ranging between one milli-ohm to one ohm.

20 28. The resistor array of claim 23 wherein:
each of said resistors having a thickness ranging between
0.05 to 0.5 millimeters and a length ranging between 1.0 to
7.0 millimeters.

25 29. The resistor array of claim 23 wherein:
each of said plurality of column-shaped electrodes having a
width and length ranging between 0.1 to 3.2 millimeter, a
height ranging between 0.05 to 0.5 millimeters and distance
ranging between 0.4 to 6.2 millimeters between every two
electrodes.

30. A resistor supported on a metal plate composed of a low temperature coefficient of resistance (TCR) metallic material, said resistor comprising:

5 at least two electrode columns composed of said low TCR metallic material disposed on said metal plate.

10 31. The resistor of claim 26 further comprising:

15 at least an electrode layer disposed on each of said electrode columns to form an electrode for each of said electrode columns.

20 32. The resistor of claim 30 wherein:

33. The resistor of claim 30 wherein:

25 said low TCR metallic material composed of said metal plate further comprises a nickel-copper alloy.

30 said electrode layer disposed on each of said electrode columns further comprises a copper layer and a tin-lead alloy layer on each of said electrode columns.

5 34. The resistor of claim 30 wherein:
said electrode columns disposed on said metal plate having
a precisely defined position for providing precisely defined
resistance for said resistor ranging between one milli-ohm to
one ohm.

10 35. The resistor of claim 30 wherein:
said resistor having a thickness ranging between 0.05 to 0.5
millimeters and a length ranging between 1.0 to 7.0
millimeters.

15 36. The resistor of claim 30 wherein:
each of said electrode columns on said metal plate having a
width and length ranging between 0.1 to 3.2 millimeter, a
height ranging between 0.05 to 0.5 millimeters and distance
ranging between 0.4 to 6.2 millimeters between every two
electrode columns.

20 37. A resistor supported on a metal plate composed of a low
temperature coefficient of resistance (TCR) metallic material, said resistor
comprising:
at least two column-shaped electroplated electrodes
disposed on said metal plate composed of said low TCR
metallic material.

25 38. The resistor of claim 37 wherein:
said low TCR metallic material composed of said metal plate
further comprises a nickel-copper alloy.

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39. The resistor of claim 37 wherein:
said column-shaped electroplated electrodes further
comprises a copper layer and a tin-lead alloy layer.

40. The resistor of claim 37 wherein:
said column-shaped electroplated electrodes disposed on
said metal plate having a precisely defined position for
providing precisely defined resistance for said resistor
ranging between one milli-ohm to one ohm.

41. The resistor of claim 37 wherein:
said resistor having a thickness ranging between 0.05 to 0.5
millimeters and a length ranging between 1.0 to 7.0
millimeters.

42. The resistor of claim 37 wherein:
each of said column-shaped electrodes having a width and
length ranging between 0.1 to 3.2 millimeter, a height
ranging between 0.05 to 0.5 millimeters and distance ranging
between 0.4 to 6.2 millimeters between every two electrodes.

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